FACE COVERINGS

attitudes and practices within close contact retail services

Hair and beauty sector summary findings from a research study funded by UK Government

The findings of this study represent workers that provide close contact services and members of the public that receive these services in small consulting rooms (e.g. within opticians, community pharmacies, hair and beauty salons, holistic therapy centres, podiatrists etc.). There was commonality in the results found between hair and beauty workers and the public, and pharmacy workers and 'other' workers.



Hair and beauty workers

52% of workers surveyed worked in hair and beauty (85% of these lived in England)

Ventilation

67% of hair and beauty premises used natural ventilation e.g. opening windows.





Knowledge

91% of hair and beauty workers reported 'very good' or 'good' COVID-19 knowledge

Changes to work

58% of hair and beauty workers reported the wearing of face coverings changed aspects of their work





Mandated face coverings

26% of hair and beauty workers would not wear a face covering if they were not mandated, though often the workplace required workers to continue to wear them

Changing face coverings

56% of hair and beauty workers change their face covering after rest/lunch breaks





Impact on mood

46% of hair and beauty workers felt that wearing a face covering lowered their mood a little or a lot

As a result of this project recommendations have been made for policy, practice and research. Want to understand more? Read the final report and infographics <u>here</u>



This study is part of a wider programme of work: The PROTECT COVID-19 National Core Study on transmission and environment, funded by UK Government

